

VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE, LAC, DENV, CHIK, ZIKV, and JCV

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10 July to 16 July 2022, CDC Week 28

Data download 1:05 pm 15 July



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NOTE: County/species tables for arboviruses are now in a supplemental file [here](#)

Arbovirus Summary

- Note: Data download times are noted and do not necessarily reflect all pools submitted and analyzed to that point in time. This report may vary from other reports from the same dataset as they are all snapshots in time.
- No pools tested for EEE virus have been detected positive in any species submitted to date. No horse or human cases have been reported.
- 15 pools have tested positive for WN virus, the first in *Aedes cantator*, collected in Burlington County on 2 June. Also positive were pools of *Culex Mix*, *Culex pipiens*, *Aedes cantator*, *Ae. triseriatus*, and *Ae. vexans*. No horse or human cases have been reported.
- No pools tested for SLE, LAC, DENG, CHIK, or ZIKA virus have been detected positive in any species submitted to date.
- 2 pools have tested positive for JC virus, both in *Aedes cantator*, collected in Bergen County at the same location, first collected on 3 June.
- In 2021, there were 35 positive EEE pools in *Culiseta melanura*, *Culex erraticus*, *Ae. taeniorhynchus*, and *Ae. triseriatus*. There were 3 horse case reported. There were no human cases reported.
- There were 997 positive WNV pools, in *Culex Mix*, *Culex pipiens*, *Culex restuans*, *Culex erraticus*, *Culiseta melanura*, *Aedes albopictus*, *Aedes japonicus*, *Ae. taeniorhynchus*, *Ae. triseriatus*, *Ae. trivittatus*, *Ae. vexans*, *Anopheles bradleyi*, *An. punctipennis*, *An. quadrimaculatus*, *Coquillettidia perturbans*, *Psorophora ciliata*, and *Ps. ferox*. There were 36 human cases with 5 fatalities, plus 13 positive birds. There were no horse cases.
- There were 8 positive JCV pools in *Aedes albopictus*, *Ae. vexans*, *Anopheles punctipennis* and *Culex Mix*. There were 2 human cases reported.

Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland or Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested* (Collected)	Total Pools Tested* (Submitted)	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	Coastal	0.13	0.00	0	0		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	2.10	0.02	8	3		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	0.63	0.44	110	10		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	3.51	0.04	22	5		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	1.75	0.86	188	9		
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	1.94	0.18	34	8		
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/50	Inland	0.58	0.00	106	14		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.40	0.16	27	8		

*Current week (in parentheses) results pending. ‡ corrected from previous week PW Previous week na =not available ND=No Data NR=Not Recorded

Remarks: Currently, there are no positive EEE pools detected in the samples submitted.

Statewide: 1324 *Cs. melanura* from 162 pools have been submitted for testing, with no positive pools detected and an overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR of 0.000. 60,576 specimens in 2237 pools from 31 other species have also been tested with no positive pools detected. Overall MFIR for *all* species statewide is 0.000.

Traditional Resting Box Sites: 495 *Cs. melanura* from 57 pools have been collected at the traditional resting box sites with no positive pools detected. Overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR at the traditional resting box site is 0.00.

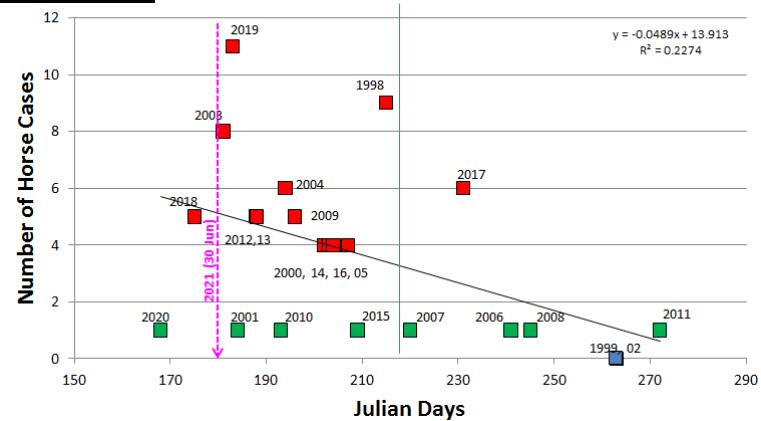
Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties *traps with positives indicated in BOLD UNDERLINE .					
County	Trap types*	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic	CO2, RB	20	247		
Bergen	RB	2	42		
Burlington	UVLT	2	36		
Cape May	GRA, RB	12	20		
Cumberland	CO2, GRA, RB	20	77		
Gloucester	RB	7	91		
Middlesex	NJLT	3	15		
Monmouth	CO2	3	4		
Morris	ASP, CO2, GRA, RB	16	108		
Ocean	CO2	1	3		
Salem	CO2, RB	7	74		
Sussex	CO2, RB	12	112		
TOTAL		105	829		

Graph above indicate start times to detection of EEE in *Culiseta melanura* and associated number of horse cases from 1998 to 2021. Early detections are associated with multiple horse cases.

Horses and Humans: In 2021, 3 horses were reported with EEE. Currently, no horse or humans have been reported. For more information, see DOH Vectorborne Surveillance reports: <https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/>

Additional County-set Cs. melanura: Counties maintain trap sites for *Cs. melanura* in other areas, using a variety of traps. In 2021, first positive pools of *Cs. Melanura* were detected at a non-traditional resting box site in Gloucester County, collected 30 Jun. Currently, there are no positive EEE pools detected.

EEE horse cases/year Timeline



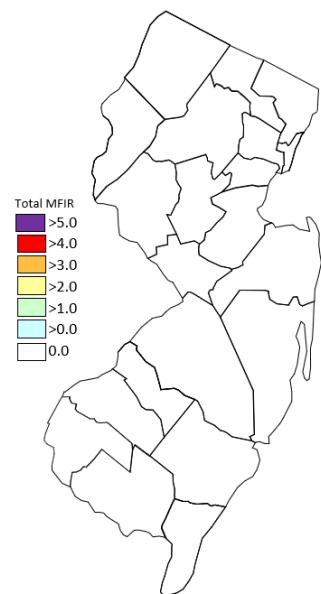
Case	Animal	Age	Sex	County	Date of Onset	Euthanized?	Vaccinated?	Comment
2020								

Horses and Vaccinations: **Horse owners are urged to make sure their horses are up to date on their vaccinations (see link below). EEE horse cases are known to occur through October and sometimes into November.** Other sensitive species are non-native birds, such as Ostriches/Emus and Gallinaceous birds such as pheasants of Eurasian origins. The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm

Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	17	393		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	108	824		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	3	7		
<i>Aedes aurifer</i>	15	151		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	63	1068		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	44	1632		
<i>Aedes cinereus</i>	3	24		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	9	51		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	198	1134		
<i>Aedes provocans</i>	2	3		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	17	228		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	7	166		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	13	71		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	12	376		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	24	76		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	92	2328		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	9	117		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	4	7		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	112	1330		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	24	298		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	96	2607		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	8	29		
<i>Culex Mix</i>	1081	41053		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	121	4283		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	115	1770		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	14	279		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	4	7		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	2	2		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	2	7		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	4	33		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	13	221		
State Total	2237	60576		

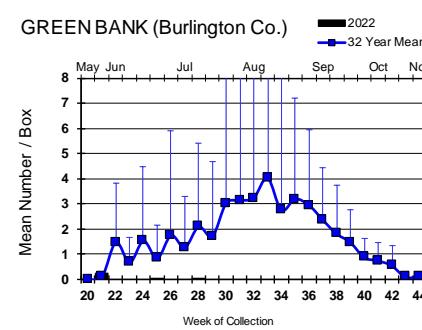
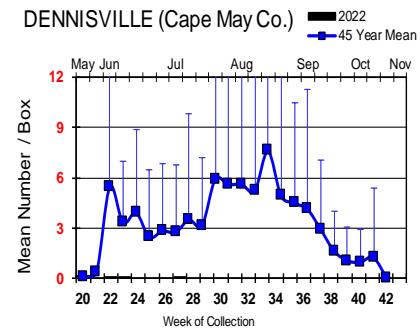
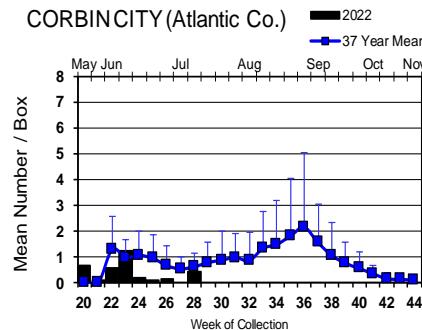
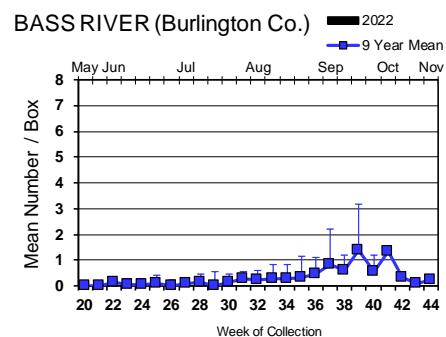
Additional Species: 31 additional species were tested for EEE. No positive pools were detected. In 2021, the first positive non-*melanura* pool was detected in of *Culex erraticus* in Atlantic County on 5 Aug.

Overall MFIR rates, human and animal cases per county:

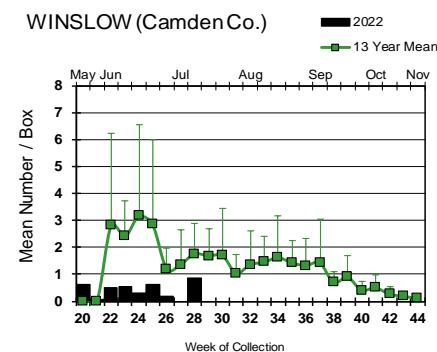
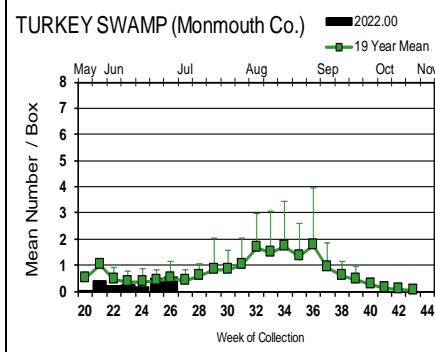
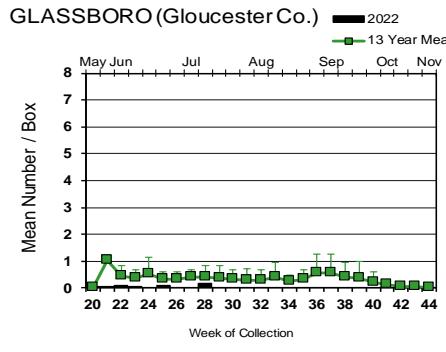
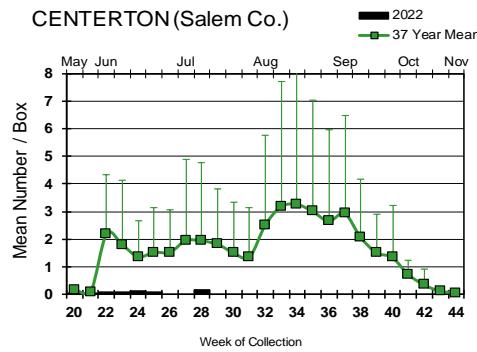


Culiseta melanura Populations

Coastal



Inland



As with other species throughout the state, *Cs. melanura* populations remain below historic levels at the traditional resting box sites. Currently, no positive EEE pools have been detected at any sites within the state, but a Green Bank sample of *Ae. cantator* was positive for WNV.



= Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other species).

EEE in US (2022 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: **6**(FL)
- mosquito pools:
- sentinel: **34**(FL)
- human:

West Nile Virus Positive Organisms in US, 2022

West Nile in US (2022 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**. Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans
Alabama					0
Alaska					
Arizona	2	0			5
Arkansas					
California	12/20	87/222	0	0	0
Colorado		7			0
Connecticut		0			
Delaware					
Florida			5/5		
Georgia					1/1
Hawaii					
Idaho	0	0		0	0
Illinois	1	37/65		0	0
Indiana	0	1/2		0	1/1
Iowa					
Kansas					
Kentucky					
Louisiana					
Maine					
Maryland(+DC)					
Mass.		0		0	0
Michigan					
Minnesota					
Mississippi		15/15			3/3
Missouri		0		0	0

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans	
Montana						
Nebraska						
Nevada						
New Hampshire						
New Jersey	0	9/15			0	0
New Mexico						
New York						
North Carolina						
North Dakota	0	0			0	1/1
Ohio		4/8			0	0
Oklahoma						
Oregon	0	0	0	0	0	
Pennsylvania		18/68				
Rhode Island						
South Carolina						
South Dakota				1		
Tennessee						
Texas	0	32/43	0	0	1	
Utah						
Vermont			0		0	0
Virginia						
Washington						
West Virginia						
Wisconsin						
Wyoming		2		0	0	

* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

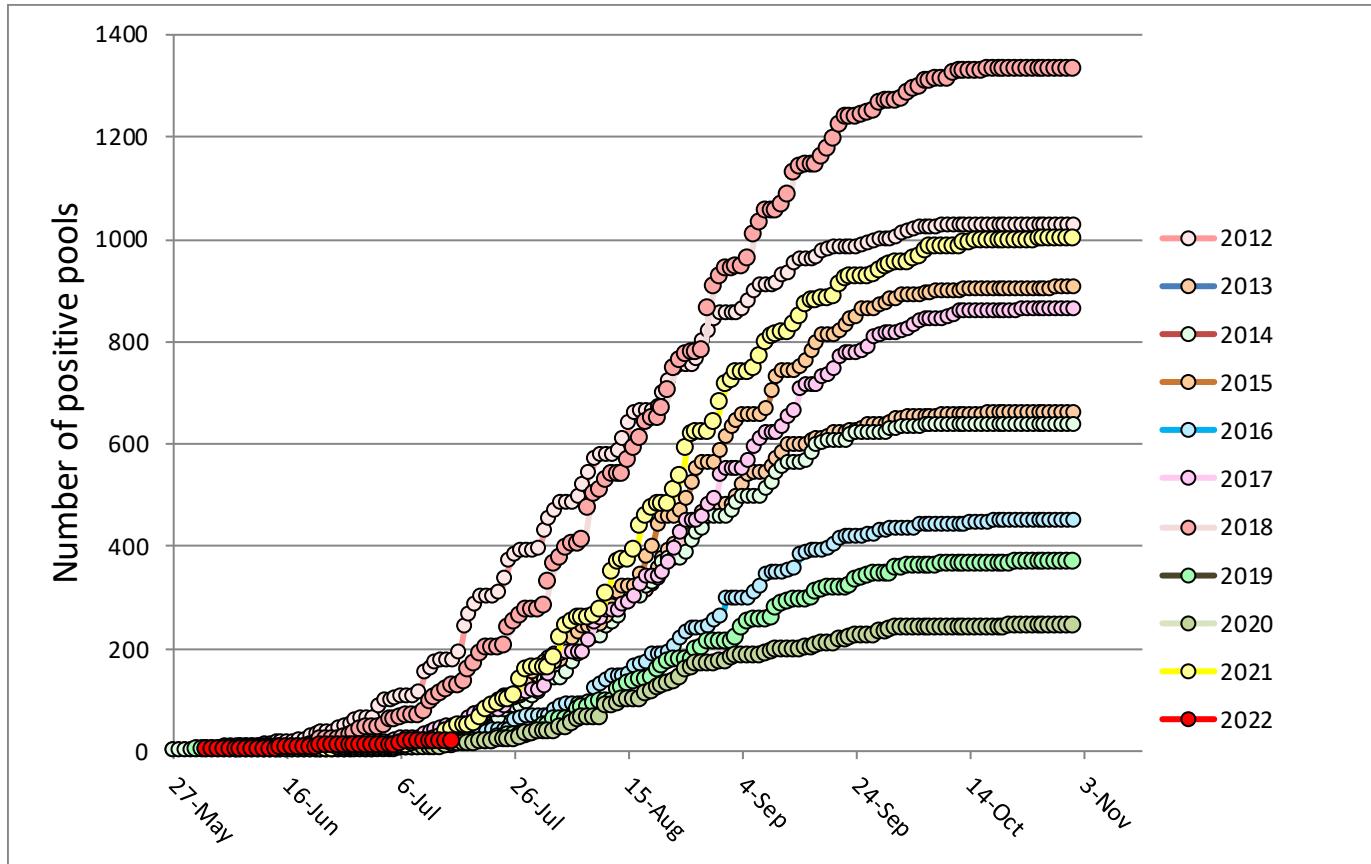
Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus through 15 July 2022

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	17	393		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	108	824		
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	3	7		
<i>Aedes aurifer</i>	15	151		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	63	1068		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	44	1632	1	0.613
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<i>Aedes provocans</i>	2	3		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	17	228		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	7	166		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	13	71		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	12	376		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	49	155	1	6.452
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	92	2328	1	0.430
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	9	117		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	4	7		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	112	1330		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	24	298		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	96	2607		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	8	29		
<i>Culex</i> spp.	1081	41053	10	0.244
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	121	4283	2	0.467
<i>Culex restuans</i>	115	1770		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	14	279		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	4	7		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	162	1324		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	2	2		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	2	7		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	4	33		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	13	221		
Grand Total	2424	61979	15	0.242

Remarks: To date 2424 pools of 61,979 mosquitoes from 32 species have been tested, with 15 positive pools of WNV detected. First positive pool was detected in *Aedes cantator*, collected 2 June in Burlington County at a traditional resting box site. Positive species include *Culex* Mix, *Culex pipiens*, *Aedes cantator*, *Ae. triseriatus*, and *Ae. vexans*. Cumulative MFIR for all mosquitoes in New Jersey is 0.242.

Humans, Horses and Wild Birds: No date, no humans or livestock have been reported with WNV. Last year, no horses have been reported infected but 36 human cases were detected. See DOH reports on arbovirus activity for further information: <https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/index.shtml>

Although birds are no longer routinely tested in New Jersey, last year 13 corvids and birds of prey were reported positive for WNV.



Above is a graph showing cumulative number of positive pools for the previous 10 years, inclusive of the most active (2018) year. 2022 is represented in RED (first positive collected 2 June).

Go [here](#) for the table supplement of arbovirus by county by mosquito species.