

VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE, LAC, DENV, CHIK, ZIKV, and JCV

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27 October to 2 November, 2019, CDC Week 44

Data download 2:00 pm 2 November



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NOTE: County/species tables for arboviruses are now in a supplemental file [here](#)

Arbovirus Summary

- **73 EEE positive pools, 13 animal cases: 11 horse cases, 1 alpaca case, 1 deer; 4 human cases (Atlantic, Middlesex, Somerset, Union Counties)**
- **365 WNV positive pools (+4 RAMP positives), 0 horses, 8 human cases (Atlantic(2), Bergen(2), Burlington(2), Gloucester, Hunterdon County)**
- **1 LAC positive pool**
- **5 JCV positive pools**
- **0 SLE, DENG, CHIK, ZIKA positive pools**
- Note: Data download times are noted and do not necessarily reflect all pools submitted and analyzed to that point in time. This report may vary from other reports from the same dataset as they are snapshots in time.

Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland or Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested* (Collected)	Total Pools Tested* (Submitted)	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	Coastal	NR	0.00	19	8		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	NR	0.20	201 (206)	17 (18)		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	NR	0.08	193	21	1	5.181
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	NR	NC	76	15		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	NR	NC	900	29	6	6.667
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	NR	NC	249	18	2	8.032
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/50	Inland	NR	0.04	1276 (1306)	(37) 38	7	5.486
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	NR	NC	174	15	2	11.494

*Current week (in parentheses) results pending. ‡ corrected from previous week NC=No Collection NR=Not Recorded

Remarks: No additional positive EEE pools detected. Currently in 2019, there are 73 detections of EEE virus: 54 pools of *Culiseta melanura* (18 collected at traditional resting box sites, and 36 collected at county trap sites) and 19 pools in *Aedes albopictus*, *Ae. canadensis*, *Ae. triseriatus*, *Culex pipiens* and *Culex Mix*. The first positive pool was collected on 3 July at Turkey Swamp, Monmouth County. There are 13 animal cases (11 horses, 1 alpaca 1 deer) and three human cases (Atlantic, Somerset, Union County).

Statewide, 13,574 *Cs. melanura* from 989 pools have been tested, with an overall *Cs. melanura* MFIR of 3.978. 188,751 specimens in 9,560 pools from 40 other species have also been tested, with 19 positive pools detected (*Aedes albopictus*, *Ae. canadensis*, *Ae. triseriatus*, and *Culex Mix/Cx. pipiens* pools). Overall MFIR for all species statewide is 0.363.

Traditional Resting Box Sites: 3,088 *Cs. melanura* from 160 pools have been tested, with 18 positive pools detected – 1 at Corbin City, 2 at Centerton, 2 at Glassboro, 7 at Turkey Swamp, and 6 at Winslow. An additional 35 *Cs. melanura* in 2 pools is at labs to be tested.

County	Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties				
	Trap types*	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic	BGS, CO₂ , GR, RB	101	2545	7	2.750
Bergen	CO ₂ , RB	11	89		
Burlington	ULVT	93	2744	8	2.915
Cape May	GR, RB	194	471	1	2.123
Cumberland	AGO, RB	41	245		
Gloucester	CO ₂ , RB	78	1967	3	1.525
Middlesex	RB	23	100		
Monmouth	CO ₂ , Other	24	183	1	5.464
Morris	CO₂, RB	81	746	6	8.043
Ocean	CO ₂ , GR, RB	69	447	1	2.237
Salem	CO ₂ , GR, RB	25	77	1	12.987
Sussex	CO₂, GR, RB	81	753	8	10.624
Union	NJLT	6	64		
Warren	CO ₂ , NJLT	2	55		
TOTAL		829	10486	36	3.433

Additional County-set *Cs. melanura*: Counties maintain trap sites for *Cs. melanura* in other areas, using a variety of traps. Last year, half of the EEE detection came from such trappings. In 2019, 36 pools of *Cs. melanura* have been found positive. Earliest positive pools were found in Salem County, collected 9 July, and Ocean County collected 10 July.

Horses and Humans: Over the past ten years, first onset dates for horses have been in August or October except for 2012, where an onset date was 22 July. Last year five horses were reported with EEE. All had either an incomplete or no vaccination history. **Horse owners are urged to make sure their horses are up to date on their vaccinations. Horse cases are known to occur through October and sometimes into November (see link below).** Other sensitive species are non-native birds, such as Ostriches/Emus and Gallinaceous birds such as pheasants of Eurasian origins. In 2019, 11 horses and one alpaca and one deer have been found with EEE.

Case	Animal	Age	Sex	County	Date of Onset	Euthanized		Comment
						?	Vaccinated?	
13	Deer	unknown	unknown	Camden	July			Tissue collected by state vet
12	Horse	3 year old	Gelding	Camden	30 Sep	30 Sep	EWT Feb/Mar	
11	Horse	1 year old	Filly	Burlington	24-Sep	29-Sep	Unknown	
10	Horse	Unknown	Gelding	Ocean	?	26-Aug	Not vaccinated	
9	Horse	4 year old	Gelding	Ocean	?	26-Aug	Not vaccinated	
8	Horse	1 year old 3 or 4 month	Filly	Atlantic	?	24-Aug	Not vaccinated	
7	Horse	old	Gelding	Salem	?	25-Aug	Not vaccinated	
6	Horse	18 year old	Gelding	Morris	25-Aug	26-Aug	Not vaccinated	
5	Horse	2 year old	Gelding	Ocean	15-Aug	16-Aug	Unknown	
4	Alpaca	7 year old	Unknown	Camden	2-Aug	3-Aug	Unknown April vaccination	
3	Horse	yearling	Colt	Monmouth	5 Aug	5-Aug	(incomplete)	
2	Horse	20 year old	Gelding	Ocean	26-Jul	26-Jul	Unknown	
1	Horse	12 year old	Mare	Ocean	23-Jul	23-Jul	Possible incomplete	11-14 miles from two active EEE sites

Horses and Vaccinations: The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm

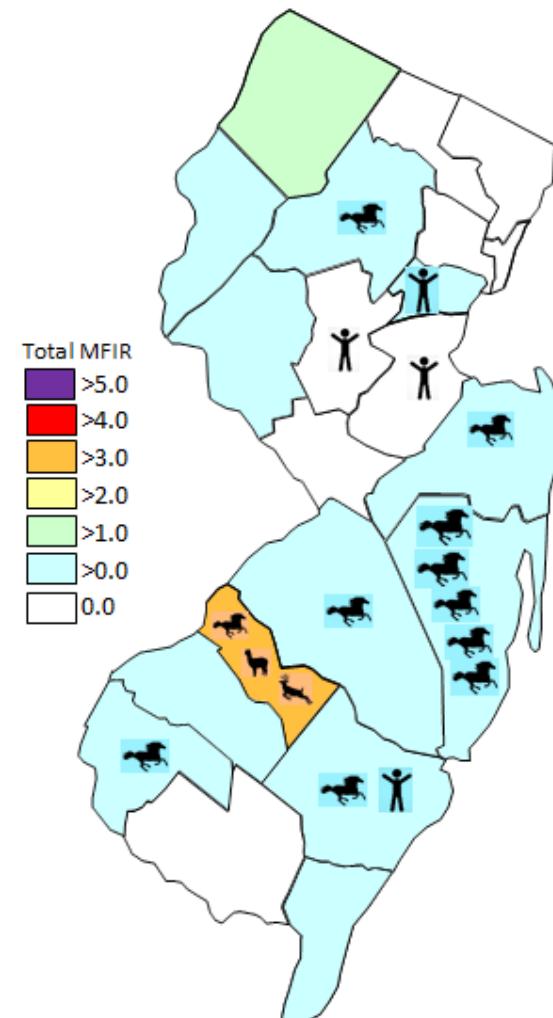
There are 4 human cases of EEE, coming from Atlantic, Middlesex, Somerset and Union Counties. The latest case (from Middlesex County) had an onset date of mid-August. For more information, see DOH Vectorborne Surveillance reports:

<https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/>

Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	14	259		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1157	9052	2	0.221
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	15	134		
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes aurifer</i>	3	14		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	139	2536	2	0.789
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	19	297		
<i>Aedes cinereus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	5	12		
<i>Aedes infirmatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	806	4675		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes provocans</i>	2	8		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	34	793		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	100		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	2	10		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	23	351		
<i>Aedes thibaulti</i>	2	27		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	221	1036	2	1.931
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	29	545		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	130	1133		
<i>Anopheles barberi</i>	3	3		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	162	1295		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	41	402		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	186	1236		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	242	2018		
<i>Anopheles walkeri</i>	7	397		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	291	5170		
<i>Culex Mix</i>	3775	139084	12	0.086
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	346	2979		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	893	9729	1	0.103
<i>Culex restuans</i>	600	1682		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	346	2150		
<i>Culex territans</i>	46	121		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	2	5		
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	11	13		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	27	290		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	49	865		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	30	322		
State Total	9669	188751	19	0.101

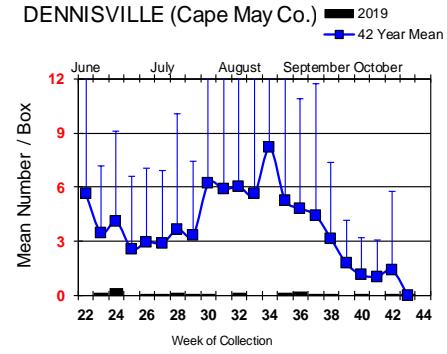
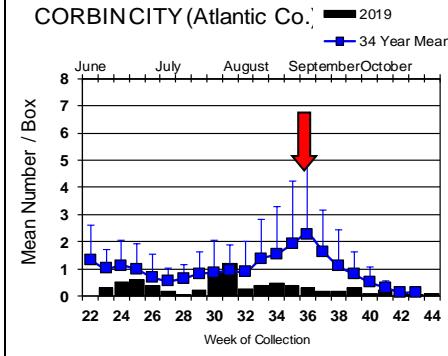
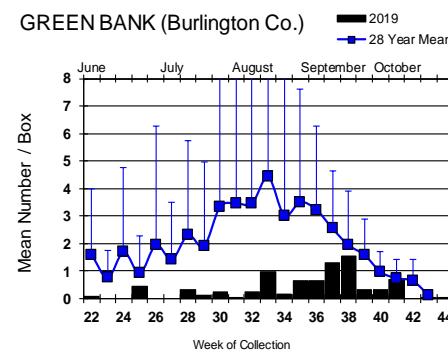
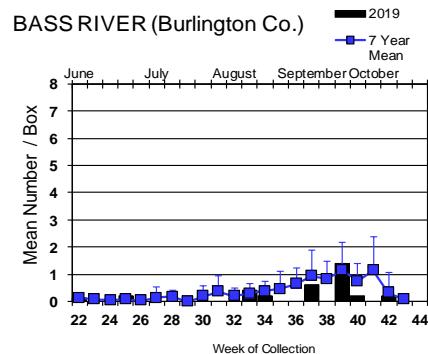
Additional Species: 40 additional species were tested for EEE. 19 positive pools have been detected in three species, the latest species being *Culex Mix* or *pipiens* in Hunterdon, Gloucester and Burlington Counties. (Note: *Culex pipiens* is refractory for EEE virus).

Overall MFIR rates, human and animal cases per county:

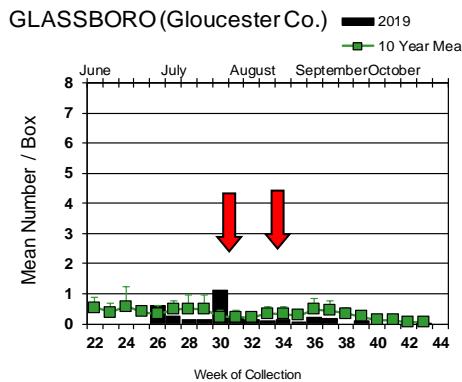
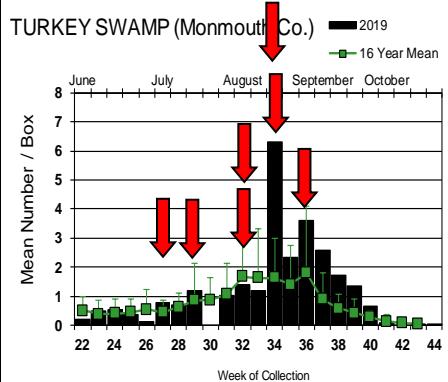
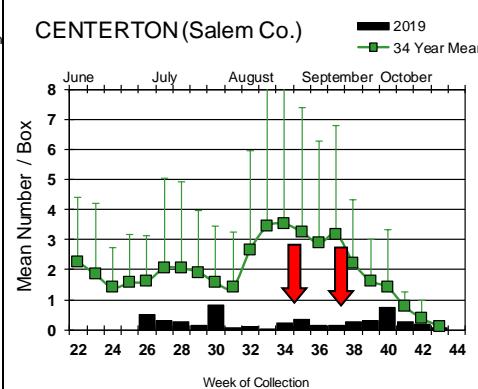
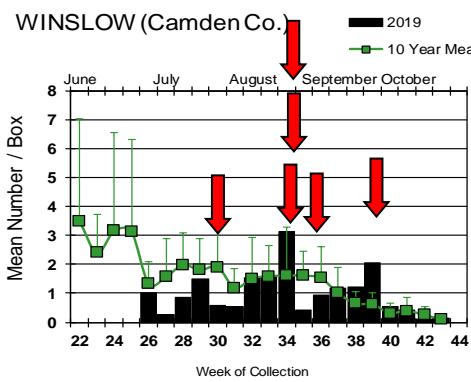


Culiseta melanura Populations

Coastal



Inland



Culiseta melanura populations at the traditional resting box sites continue to decline as we go into fall. *NOTE* X axis has changed to extend to week 44. No historical data is available for this week as past surveillance ended at this time. This is perhaps another indication of the expansion of the mosquito season due to changing climatic variables.

= Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other species).

EEE in US (2019 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- **equine:** 1(AL) 6(CT) 28(FL) 1(GA) 14(IN) 29(LA) 9(MA) 1(MD) 1(ME) 39(+deer (MI) 1(MN) 7(MS) 1(NC) 2(NH) 9(+1 alpaca, NJ) 8(+1 goat NY) 4(OH) 1(+3 deer RI) 3(SC) 6(TX) 5(WI) 5(CAN-ON)
- **mosquito pools:** 1(AL) 122(CT) 1(IN) 7(LA) 428(MA) 3(MD) 2(ME) 16(NH) 73(NJ) 66(NY) 9(RI)
- **sentinel:** 1(AL) 110(+1 emu 1 BAEA, FL) 3(DE) 1(LA) 1(ratite NY)
- **human:** 1(AL) 1(CT) 1(IN) 12(MA) 10(MI) 1(NC) 4(NJ) 3(RI)

West Nile Virus Positive Organisms in US, 2019

West Nile in US (2019 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**. Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans
Alabama				1	4
Alaska					
Arizona	5	362	1	1	173
Arkansas					6
California	202/210	3262/3269	130/135	15	169/178
Colorado		109/112		3	115
Connecticut		82		1	3
Delaware					
Florida	1		480/525	8	1
Georgia					1/9
Hawaii					
Idaho	0	41		3	11
Illinois	4	1142		2	14/17
Indiana	0	170/174		0	1/3
Iowa				2	5
Kansas					5/6
Kentucky				2	1
Louisiana	3/8	175/185		1	16/17
Maine		0			0
Maryland(+DC)		4/6			3(7DC)
Mass.		87		0	3
Michigan	16/18	54		1	8
Minnesota				1	3
Mississippi		26		7	13
Missouri		0		2	3

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses*	Humans
Montana					3
Nebraska	1	29		0	23/27
Nevada					25/39
New Hampshire		1		1	
New Jersey		363/365		0	7
New Mexico					28/38
New York		571		1	11/13
North Carolina					1
North Dakota	1	6		0	9
Ohio		263		2	2
Oklahoma					4/5
Oregon	0	85	0	7	9
Pennsylvania	1	400+		1	1/3
Rhode Island		4			
South Carolina	1	3			
South Dakota		9			11
Tennessee					1/3
Texas	1	112/113		1	26/28
Utah	1	272		8	21
Vermont		5			
Virginia					1/4
Washington	0	27		2	6
West Virginia					
Wisconsin	2	45		0	2
Wyoming	0	8		3	4

* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

**Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested
for West Nile Virus through 2 November 2019**

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes abserratus</i>	14	259		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1598	10203	4	0.039
<i>Aedes atlanticus</i>	15	134		
<i>Aedes atropalpus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes aurifer</i>	3	14		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	139	2536		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	19	297	1	0.337
<i>Aedes cinereus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes grossbecki</i>	5	12		
<i>Aedes infirmatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	825	5243	3	0.057
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes provocans</i>	2	8		
<i>Aedes sollicitans</i>	34	793		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	5	100		
<i>Aedes stimulans</i>	2	10		
<i>Aedes taeniorhynchus</i>	23	351		
<i>Aedes thibaulti</i>	2	27		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	529	2230	1	0.045
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	29	545		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	130	1133		
<i>Anopheles barberi</i>	3	3		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	162	1295		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	41	402		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	187	1237	2	0.162
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	242	2018		
<i>Anopheles walkeri</i>	7	397		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	295	5383	3	0.056
<i>Culex</i> spp.	3775	139084	320	0.230
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	347	2985	1	0.034
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	894	9730	9	0.092
<i>Culex restuans</i>	603	1685		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	346	2150		
<i>Culex territans</i>	46	121		
<i>Culiseta inornata</i>	2	5		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	989	13574	21	0.155
<i>Orthopodomyia signifera</i>	11	13		
<i>Psorophora ciliata</i>	1	1		
<i>Psorophora columbiae</i>	27	290		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	49	865		
<i>Psorophora howardii</i>	1	1		
<i>Uranotaenia sapphirina</i>	30	322		
Grand Total	11436	205462	365	0.178

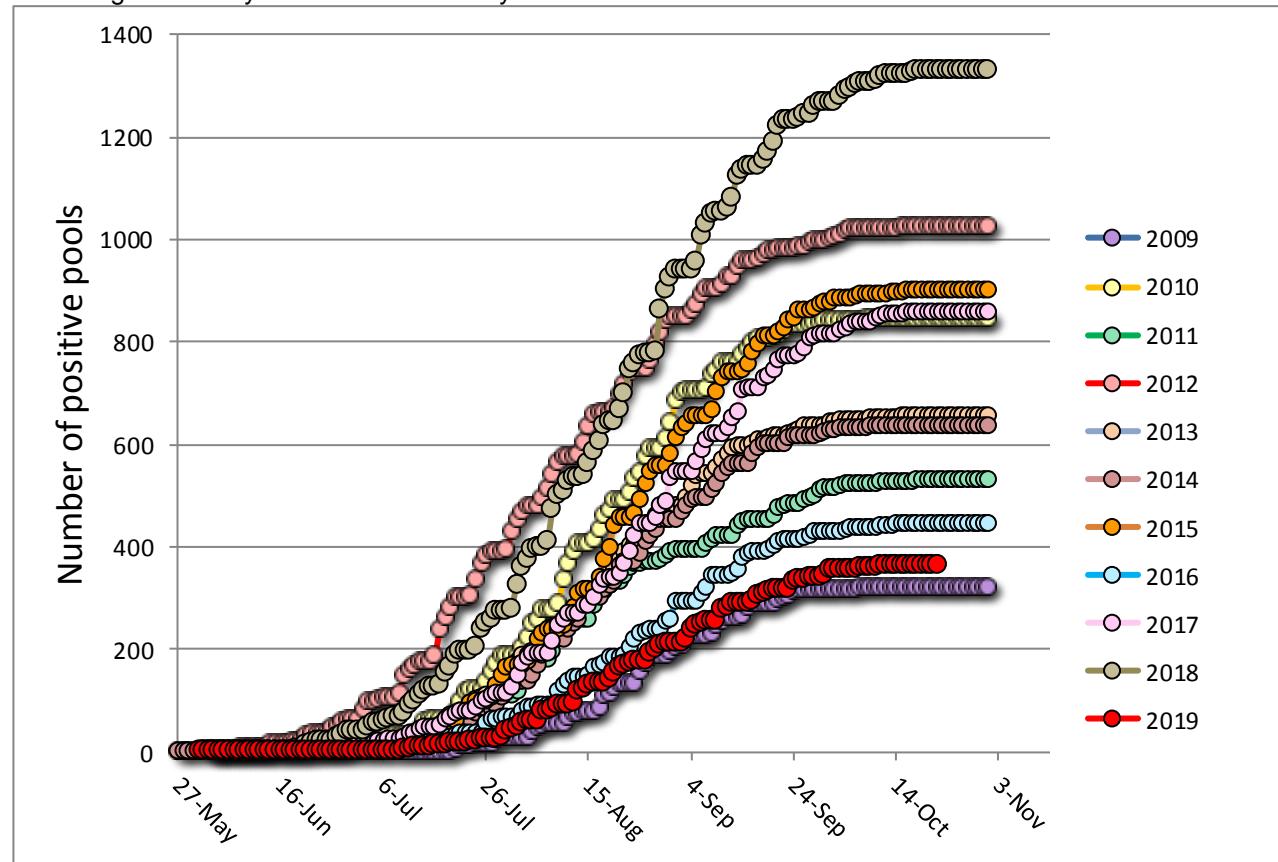
Remarks: To date 11,436 pools of 205,462 mosquitoes from 41 species have been tested. A total of 365 positive WNV pools have been detected by RTPCR throughout the state beginning with a pool of *Aedes triseriatus*, collected on 31 May, 2019 in Passaic County. This pool was also co-infected with LAC (see table below). Majority of the positives are in *Culex* bird-feeding species pools. Also positive are *Aedes albopictus*, *Ae. cantator*, *Ae. japonicus*, *Anopheles punctipennis*, *Coquillettidia perturbans*, *Culex erraticus*, and *Culiseta melanura*. Last year was a year of significant activity, with over 1300 positive pools detected. Currently, the statewide MFIR rate for all mosquitoes decreased from 1.776 to 0.178.

In addition to RTPCR positives, 4 positives determined by RAMP were also detected (in *Aedes cantator* and *Culex*). See end of WNV by county by species table in the addendum.

Humans, Horses and Wild Birds: There have been eight human cases of West Nile virus, the latest occurring in Burlington County, with a date of onset 13 October. The seventh and sixth cases occurred in Bergen and Burlington counties. The fifth case was detected in Gloucester County, date of onset is unknown. The fourth case is in Atlantic County, with date of onset 4 Sep. The third case is in Bergen County, with date of onset as 30 Aug, and possible out of state exposure. The second case is from Atlantic County, with date of onset 2 September. The first is from Hunterdon County reported, with an onset date of 21 June. The first case represents the earliest typical case reported in New Jersey. (A few years ago, there was one case reported in May from a long-term hospitalized patient making date of infection difficult to determine.) For more information, see NJ arboviral reports from the Department of Health: <https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/>. Last year we have over 60 cases reported, the highest to date.

Currently, there are no reported horse cases for WNV. Last year only one WNV horse case has been reported, occurring in Burlington County. For further information, see <http://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/arboviral-stats/>.

Birds are no longer routinely tested in New Jersey.



Above is a graph showing cumulative number of positive pools for the previous 10 years, inclusive of the most active (2018) and least active (2009) years. The red series represents this year, starting with the first positive pool.

Go [here](#) for the table supplement of arbovirus by county by mosquito species.