VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE, LAC, DENV and CHIK

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CDC WEEK 37: 7 September to 13 September, 2014

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This New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station report is supported by Rutgers University, Hatch funds, funding from the NJ State Mosquito Control Commission and with the participation of the Department of Health, Department of Agriculture and of the 21 county mosquito control agencies of New Jersey.

Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland or Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested* (Collected)	Total Pools Tested* (Submitted)	EEE Isolation Pools	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/5	**Coastal**	1.65	1.20	6 (12)	4 (5)		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	**Coastal**	2.62	2.52	116 (179)	14 (16)	1	8.62
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	**Coastal**	1.75	1.72	199 (242)	14 (15)		
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	**Coastal**	4.99	1.04	430	18	5	11.63
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	**Inland**	0.80	2.56	1189	31	3	2.52
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	**Inland**	3.62	0.98	487	18	1	2.05
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/50	**Inland**	1.09	0.22	158 (169)	15 (16)		
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	**Inland**	0.62	0.46	481	17		

*Current week (in parentheses) results pending.

Remarks: Five additional positive EEE pools have been detected this past week: 1 each from the Centerton, Dennisville and Green Bank traditional resting box sites and two from Burlington Counties non-traditional sites. Total number of positive EEE pools is 24, all in *Cs. melanura.* Statewide, for all mosquitoes tested, MFIR is 1.92, up from 1.72 of the previous week.

Traditional Resting Box Sites: Three new EEE positive *Cs. melanura* pools has been detected, one each at the Centerton, Dennisville and Green Bank sites. To date, 3066 *Cs. melanura* from 131 pools have been tested for EEE at the traditional resting box sites. Overall MFIR for these traditional sites is 3.26, up from 2.49 of the previous week. Five additional pools containing 123 *Cs. melanura* remains to be tested.

Additional *Cs. melanura* trapped by counties *traps with positives indicated in **BOLD.**				
County	**Trap types***	**Number collected (pools)**	**Number of positive pools**	**MFIR**
Atlantic	CO_2	4 (3)		
Burlington	**CO_2**	4564 (100)	10	2.191
Cape May	Gravid, **RB**	203 (15)	1	4.926
Cumberland	CO_2, RB	102 (15)		
Gloucester	**RB**	759 (65)	1	1.318
Monmouth	Other	2 (1)		
Ocean	**CO_2, RB**	41 (14)	2	48.780
Salem	CO_2	9 (5)		
TOTAL		**5684 (218)**	**14**	**2.464**

Additional *Cs. melanura*: Counties submit additional pools of *Cs. melanura* caught in other trap types as well as resting boxes. Two additional positive pools were detected in CO_2 traps from Burlington County. Virus was first detected in these additional pools from a Gloucester County resting box sampled on 23 July.

Species other than *Cs. melanura*	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Aedes atlanticus	1	5		
Aedes canadensis canadensis	7	169		
Aedes cantator	4	7		
Aedes cinereus	1	1		
Aedes mitchellae	1	1		
Aedes sollicitans	4	45		
Aedes taeniorhynchus	4	30		
Aedes triseriatus	5	26		
Aedes vexans	4	35		
Anopheles bradleyi	12	322		
Anopheles punctipennis	36	720		
Anopheles quadrimaculatus	23	686		

Additional Species: Counties submit additional pools of species other than *Cs. melanura* for EEE virus testing. Currently, no detection of EEE in other species has occurred.

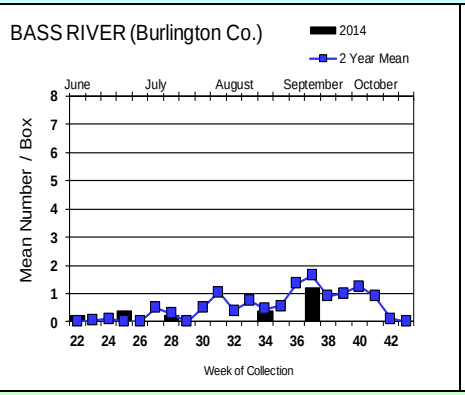
Horses and Humans: Currently there is no reported horse or human cases

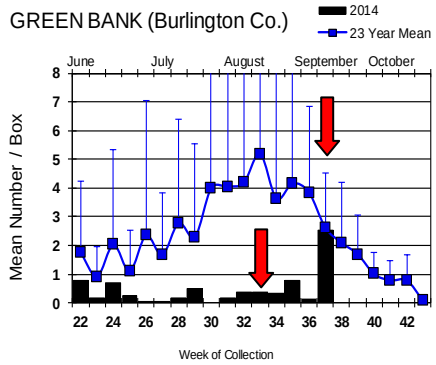
Coquillettidia perturbans	44	770
Culex erraticus	14	136
Culex pipiens	23	178
Culex restuans	4	16
Culex salinarius	34	483
Culex spp.	9	69
Culex territans	1	1
Culiseta morsitans	1	1
Psorophora ciliata	1	1
Psorophora columbiae	2	14
State Total	**235**	**3716**

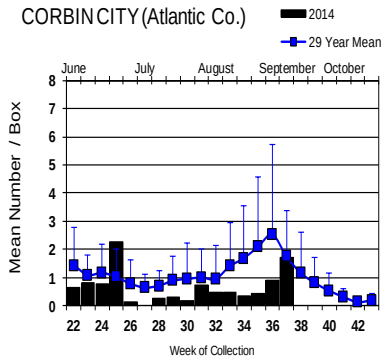
Horses and Vaccinations: The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm

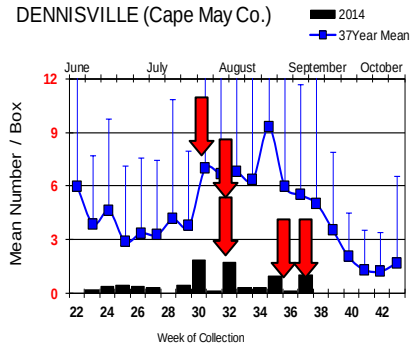
Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

Coastal

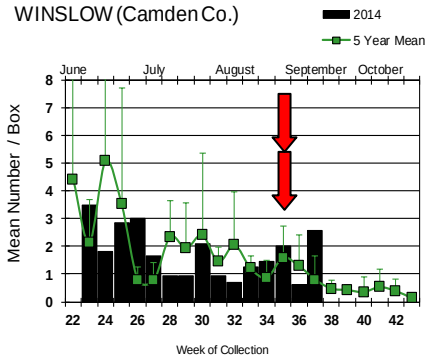


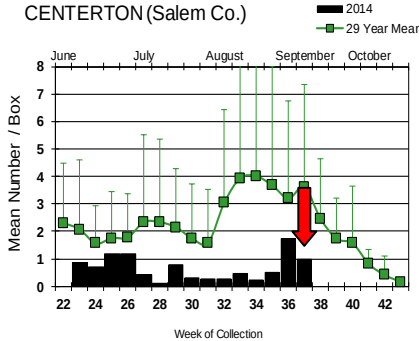


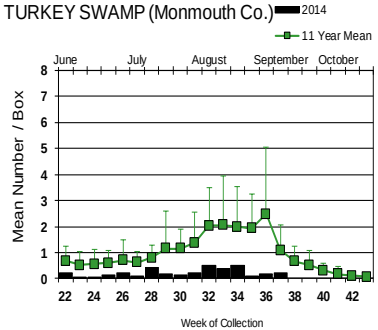


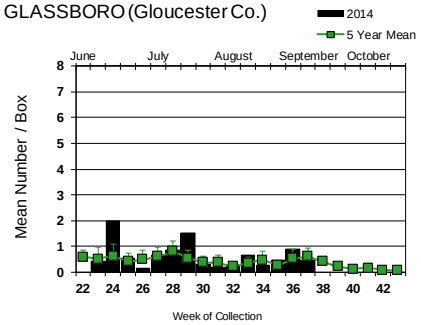


Inland









Some increases in *Culiseta melanura* populations were seen at Bass River, Green Bank, Corbin City, Dennisville, Winslow and Turkey Swamp. Winslow was the only site to be above the historical trend, though not significantly so. Despite lower populations in general, detection of EEE continues to occur.

= Positive pool(s) detected (red = melanura, purple = other).

EEE in US (2014 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: AL(2) FL (46 +2 deer) GA(6) LA(5) MA(1) NC(6) NH(1) NY(1) SC(7) TX(1)
- mosquito pools: GA(1) LA(1) MA(24) ME(4) NH(6) NJ(19) NY(60) VA(108) VT(5)
- sentinel: AL(3) FL(151) GA(1) ME(1 emu) NC(1) VA(27/3 cassowaries)
- human: AL(1) NH(1) NY(1)

West Nile Virus Positive Organisms in US

West Nile in US (2014 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/New totals.
Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found here.

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama			1	1	1
Alaska					
Arizona	1	192/196		1/2	27/34
Arkansas					2
California	1733/1827	2485/2660	242/274	4/7	129/181
Colorado	2/3	148/195		2/3	12/19
Connecticut		34/43			0
Delaware	1/2				
DC					1
Florida			44/60	2/3	
Georgia	0	25			1/3
Hawaii					
Idaho		49/62		2	11/13
Illinois	22/25	606/760			2/4
Indiana		85/105			2
Iowa		5		1	8
Kansas		0			1/3
Kentucky				1	
Louisiana		817/857	26	1	61/80
Maine		0		0	0
Maryland		14/16		1	1
Mass.		33/39		0	1
Michigan	10/11	6/9		1	
Minnesota	2	10/17		1	3/4
Mississippi		54		0	17/24
Missouri	1	34		1	1/2

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana		9/12		2	1/3
Nebraska	3/4	153/166		0	14/28
Nevada		43/55			
New Hampshire		0		0	0
New Jersey	13/15	429/491		0	2/3
New Mexico		1		2	1
New York		327/492			2/3
North Carolina					
North Dakota	0	6		2*	7/9
Ohio		216/267			3
Oklahoma		4/5			4/6
Oregon	0	31	0	2	4
Pennsylvania	7/8	1097/1129			2
Rhode Island		1			
South Carolina	1				
South Dakota	1	57		1	26/31
Tennessee	0	293/304		0	3
Texas	63/69	1480/1673		1	49/70
Utah	2	133/145		1/3	1
Vermont		7/8		0	0
Virginia		130	15		1
Washington	0	60/80		1/3	4/7
West Virginia	1	6/7		0	0
Wisconsin	23/25	2		1	5
Wyoming	1	12		3	3/5

* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health (NJDH Public Health Environmental and Agricultural Laboratories, PHEAL) and the Cape May County Department of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested for West Nile Virus Testing through 15 September 2014

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Aedes albopictus	703	6679	10	1.497
Aedes atlanticus	3	9		
Aedes atropalpus	1	5		
Aedes canadensis canadensis	30	569		
Aedes cantator	16	208		
Aedes cinereus	1	1		
Aedes japonicus	419	2574	4	1.554
Aedes mitchellae	1	1		
Aedes sollicitans	10	95		
Aedes sticticus	3	7		
Aedes taeniorhynchus	15	349		
Aedes triseriatus	125	501	1	1.996
Aedes trivittatus	14	66		
Aedes vexans	50	343		
Anopheles bradleyi	25	644		
Anopheles punctipennis	83	1004		
Anopheles quadrimaculatus	69	1427		
Coquillettidia perturbans	86	1186		
Culex erraticus	50	429		
Culex pipiens	472	15221	35	2.299
Culex restuans	213	4913	17	3.460
Culex salinarius	40	505		
Culex spp.	2847	113752	418	3.675
Culex territans	4	4		
Culiseta melanura	374	8747	6	0.686
Culiseta morsitans	1	1		
Psorophora ciliata	3	3		
Psorophora columbiae	12	88		
Psorophora ferox	11	197		
State Total	**5681**	**159528**	**491**	**3.078**

Remarks: To date, 5681 pools of 159,528 mosquitoes from 28 species have been tested, with 491 positive pools detected. First positive was detected in a Mixed *Culex* pool collected on 20 May in Camden County. Nineteen counties have detected positive pools, including Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Essex, Gloucester, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren Counties. Overall MFIR for the state has increased from 3.078 to 2.448.

Humans, Horses and Wild Birds: Three human cases of WNV have occurred, one each in Gloucester, Hudson and Monmouth Counties. For further information, see http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml.

No horse cases have been detected.

Bird testing began in mid-April. First positive bird (Fish Crow in Mercer County collected 8 July) has been reported. To date, 106 birds have been tested, with 15 positives. Species includes: American Crow (*Corvis brachyrhynchos* 3/3) Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus* 9/33), Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata* 0/10), Hawk/Raptor (1/7), unidentified corvid (0/4) and other avian species (1/48). Counties (positives) submitting birds are Atlantic, Bergen, Burlington, Cape May, Cumberland, Essex, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Salem, Sussex, Union and Warren.

WNV Results by County through 15 September 2014

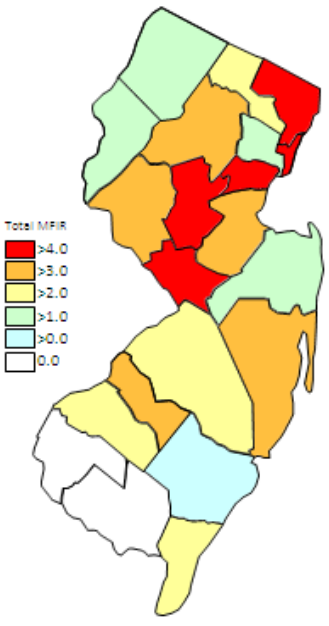
County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		**140**	**3295**	**19**	**5.766**
	Aedes albopictus	24	241	1	4.149
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	3	26		
	Aedes cantator	3	10		
	Aedes japonicus	5	36		
	Aedes sollicitans	2	6		
	Aedes sticticus	1	1		
	Aedes taeniorhynchus	6	247		
	Aedes vexans	5	33		
	Anopheles bradleyi	3	11		
	Anopheles punctipennis	2	4		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	3	10		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	5	24		
	Culex erraticus	2	25		
	Culex spp.	53	2276	18	7.909
	Culiseta melanura	18	229		
	Psorophora ferox	5	116		
Bergen		**200**	**14652**	**106**	**7.235**
	Aedes albopictus	5	27		
	Culex spp.	195	14625	106	7.248
Burlington		**397**	**9893**	**15**	**1.516**
	Aedes albopictus	45	324		
	Aedes atlanticus	1	5		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	5	163		
	Aedes cinereus	1	1		
	Aedes japonicus	32	279		
	Aedes mitchellae	1	1		
	Aedes taeniorhynchus	4	30		
	Aedes triseriatus	13	74		
	Aedes trivittatus	1	41		
	Aedes vexans	7	85		
	Anopheles bradleyi	5	180		
	Anopheles punctipennis	3	13		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	1	21		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	7	141		
	Culex erraticus	7	54		
	Culex pipiens	2	2		
	Culex restuans	1	1		
	Culex salinarius	20	344		
	Culex spp.	119	3432	10	2.914
	Culiseta melanura	118	4686	5	1.067
	Psorophora ciliata	1	1		
	Psorophora columbiae	3	15		
Camden		**345**	**9627**	**28**	**2.908**
	Aedes albopictus	19	43		
	Aedes japonicus	91	391	1	2.558
	Culex spp.	204	8004	27	3.373
	Culiseta melanura	31	1189		

Cape May		**357**	**4227**	**3**	**0.710**
	Aedes albopictus	31	195		
	Aedes atropalpus	1	5		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	1	1		
	Aedes cantator	4	7		
	Aedes japonicus	14	35		
	Aedes taeniorhynchus	1	50		
	Aedes triseriatus	14	74		
	Aedes vexans	1	1		
	Anopheles bradleyi	7	142		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	19	566		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	3	52		
	Culex erraticus	6	59		
	Culex pipiens	140	1818	1	0.550
	Culex restuans	69	558	1	1.792
	Culex salinarius	9	66		
	Culex spp.	2	3		
	Culex territans	3	3		
	Culiseta melanura	32	592	1	1.689
Cumberland		**159**	**2525**		
	Aedes albopictus	4	9		
	Aedes atlanticus	2	4		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	1	2		
	Aedes japonicus	2	2		
	Aedes sollicitans	4	45		
	Aedes taeniorhynchus	2	18		
	Aedes vexans	10	105		
	Anopheles bradleyi	9	310		
	Anopheles punctipennis	15	161		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	8	49		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	11	334		
	Culex erraticus	1	4		
	Culex pipiens	1	5		
	Culex salinarius	6	83		
	Culex spp.	57	1203		
	Culiseta melanura	17	118		
	Psorophora ciliata	2	2		
	Psorophora columbiae	6	70		
	Psorophora ferox	1	1		
Essex		**250**	**2721**	**4**	**1.470**
	Aedes albopictus	18	70		
	Aedes japonicus	36	109		
	Aedes triseriatus	4	8		
	Aedes trivittatus	7	17		
	Aedes vexans	1	4		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	5	6		
	Culex spp.	177	2505	4	1.597
	Psorophora ferox	2	2		
Gloucester		**511**	**16259**	**27**	**1.661**
	Aedes albopictus	87	1067	2	1.874
	Aedes japonicus	13	183	1	5.464
	Aedes triseriatus	5	50		
	Aedes vexans	1	4		

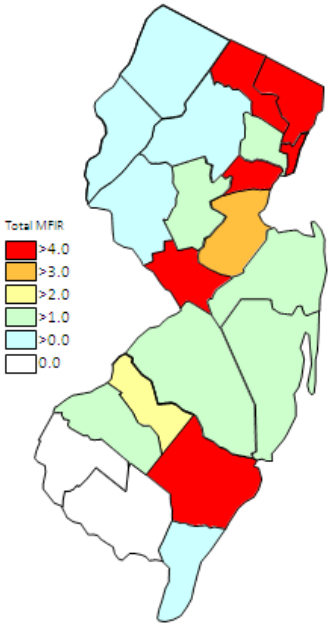
	Anopheles punctipennis	29	700		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	22	685		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	5	39		
	Culex pipiens	268	12315	24	1.949
	Culiseta melanura	81	1216		
Hudson		**139**	**6596**	**61**	**9.248**
	Aedes albopictus	14	220	2	9.091
	Culex spp.	125	6376	59	9.253
Hunterdon		**239**	**11707**	**7**	**0.598**
	Culex spp.	239	11707	7	0.598
Mercer		**382**	**8419**	**43**	**5.107**
	Aedes albopictus	74	574		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	2	5		
	Aedes japonicus	41	147		
	Aedes triseriatus	10	28	1	35.714
	Aedes vexans	5	48		
	Culex erraticus	2	6		
	Culex pipiens	57	1075	10	9.302
	Culex restuans	139	4349	16	3.679
	Culex salinarius	2	8		
	Culex spp.	50	2179	16	7.343
Middlesex		**312**	**12486**	**46**	**3.684**
	Aedes albopictus	61	461	3	6.508
	Aedes triseriatus	2	14		
	Culex spp.	249	12011	43	3.580
Monmouth		**410**	**6269**	**9**	**1.436**
	Aedes albopictus	130	1635		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	14	273		
	Aedes cantator	6	56		
	Aedes japonicus	41	156		
	Aedes sollicitans	4	44		
	Aedes taeniorhynchus	2	4		
	Aedes triseriatus	15	41		
	Aedes trivitattus	6	8		
	Aedes vexans	10	31		
	Anopheles punctipennis	17	25		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	3	3		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	6	6		
	Culex erraticus	4	11		
	Culex restuans	2	2		
	Culex salinarius	1	1		
	Culex spp.	126	3797	9	2.370
	Culex territans	1	1		
	Culiseta melanura	17	170		
	Culiseta morsitans	1	1		
	Psorophora columbiae	3	3		
	Psorophora ferox	1	1		
Morris		**242**	**10682**	**5**	**0.468**
	Aedes albopictus	5	75		

	Coquillettidia perturbans	4	200		
	Culex spp.	233	10407	5	0.480
Ocean		**308**	**4217**	**6**	**1.423**
	Aedes albopictus	75	1010		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	3	96		
	Aedes cantator	3	135		
	Aedes japonicus	46	231	2	8.658
	Aedes sticticus	2	6		
	Aedes triseriatus	13	42		
	Aedes vexans	9	29		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	17	94		
	Culex erraticus	4	5		
	Culex salinarius	2	3		
	Culex spp.	94	2413	4	1.658
	Culiseta melanura	38	76		
	Psorophora ferox	2	77		
Passaic		**150**	**4265**	**19**	**4.455**
	Aedes albopictus	16	48		
	Aedes japonicus	32	338		
	Aedes triseriatus	9	17		
	Aedes vexans	1	3		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	2	12		
	Culex spp.	90	3847	19	4.939
Salem		**294**	**2786**		
	Aedes albopictus	64	360		
	Aedes japonicus	27	64		
	Aedes triseriatus	25	52		
	Anopheles bradleyi	1	1		
	Anopheles punctipennis	13	78		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	6	80		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	25	267		
	Culex erraticus	24	265		
	Culex pipiens	4	6		
	Culex restuans	2	3		
	Culex spp.	81	1139		
	Culiseta melanura	22	471		
Somerset		**226**	**4665**	**9**	**1.929**
	Aedes albopictus	9	36		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	1	3		
	Aedes japonicus	18	218		
	Aedes triseriatus	5	21		
	Anopheles punctipennis	1	2		
	Culex spp.	192	4385	9	2.052
Sussex		**196**	**5703**	**2**	**0.351**
	Aedes japonicus	10	231		
	Aedes triseriatus	6	64		
	Anopheles punctipennis	2	8		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	1	5		
	Coquillettidia perturbans	1	17		
	Culex spp.	176	5378	2	0.372

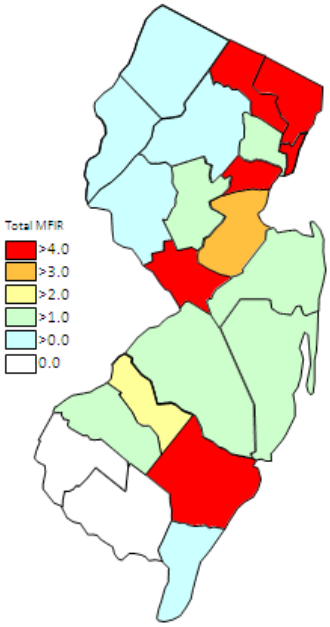
Union		**172**	**8555**	**77**	**9.001**
	Aedes albopictus	16	191	2	10.471
	Aedes japonicus	6	84		
	Culex spp.	150	8280	75	9.058
Warren		**252**	**9979**	**5**	**0.501**
	Aedes albopictus	6	93		
	Aedes japonicus	5	70		
	Aedes triseriatus	4	16		
	Anopheles punctipennis	1	13		
	Anopheles quadrimaculatus	1	2		
	Culex spp.	235	9785	5	0.511
Grand Total		**5681**	**159528**	**491**	**3.078**



Cumulative WNV activity in 2013.



WNV activity to 15 September 2014.



WNV activity last week, 2014.

Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) to 15 September 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's SLE website), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have been detected positive for SLE in 2014.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Burlington		**151**	**3686**		
	Aedes albopictus	6	48		
	Aedes japonicus	26	245		
	Aedes triseriatus	1	1		
	Culex erraticus	1	3		

	Culex pipiens	2	2		
	Culex restuans	1	1		
	Culex spp.	114	3386		
Cape May		**24**	**174**		
	Culex pipiens	22	171		
	Culex spp.	2	3		
Grand Total		**175**	**3860**		

La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 15 September 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC website). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated. (Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans.* American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools have been detected positive for LAC in 2014.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Burlington		**46**	**386**		
	Aedes albopictus	23	180		
	Aedes canadensis canadensis	4	88		
	Aedes japonicus	6	44		
	Aedes triseriatus	13	74		
Cape May		**15**	**81**		
	Aedes triseriatus	14	74		
	Culex pipiens	1	7		
Salem		**13**	**28**		
	Aedes triseriatus	13	28		
Grand Total		**74**	**495**		

Dengue (DENV) to 15 September 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for DENV (including serotypes) this year. Dengue has not had a history of local transmission here in New Jersey, but each year, travelers can bring virus back from areas in the world with virus activity. This is significant as humans are NOT dead-end hosts and thus there is the potential for local transmission (i.e., New Jersey mosquitoes biting a sick person and then biting and transmitting the disease to someone else) to be established. DENV is a flavivirus but unlike WNV, *Aedes* mosquitoes are predominant vectors. In New Jersey, *Aedes albopictus* is a candidate for local transmission. There are 4 serotypes tested for Dengue. There are currently 25 imported human cases in New Jersey, no local transmission.

Note Same pools of *Ae. albopictus* were tested for the four serotypes of Dengue as well as Chikungunya.

No pools have been detected positive for DENV in 2014.

County	Species	DENV1		DENV2		DENV3		DENV4		Positives	MFIR
		Pool	Mos.	Pool	Mos.	Pool	Mos.	Pool	Mos.		
Atlantic		**21**	**232**	**21**	**232**	**21**	**232**	**20**	**226**		
	Aedes albopictus	21	232	21	232	21	232	20	226		
Bergen		**5**	**27**	**5**	**27**	**5**	**27**	**5**	**27**		
	Aedes albopictus	5	27	5	27	5	27	5	27		
Burlington		**20**	**128**	**20**	**128**	**20**	**128**	**20**	**128**		
	Aedes albopictus	20	128	20	128	20	128	20	128		
Camden		**11**	**33**	**11**	**33**	**11**	**33**	**11**	**33**		
	Aedes albopictus	11	33	11	33	11	33	11	33		
Cape May		**18**	**171**	**18**	**171**	**18**	**171**	**18**	**171**		
	Aedes albopictus	18	171	18	171	18	171	18	171		
Cumberland		**3**	**8**	**3**	**8**	**3**	**8**	**3**	**8**		
	Aedes albopictus	3	8	3	8	3	8	3	8		
Gloucester		**75**	**822**	**75**	**822**	**75**	**822**	**75**	**822**		
	Aedes albopictus	75	822	75	822	75	822	75	822		
Hudson		**14**	**220**	**14**	**220**	**14**	**220**	**14**	**220**		
	Aedes albopictus	14	220	14	220	14	220	14	220		
Mercer		**57**	**501**	**57**	**501**	**57**	**501**	**57**	**501**		
	Aedes albopictus	57	501	57	501	57	501	57	501		
Middlesex		**60**	**461**	**60**	**461**	**60**	**461**	**60**	**461**		
	Aedes albopictus	59	453	59	453	59	453	59	453		
	Culex spp.	1	8	1	8	1	8	1	8		
Monmouth		**85**	**1381**	**85**	**1381**	**85**	**1381**	**85**	**1381**		
	Aedes albopictus	85	1381	85	1381	85	1381	85	1381		
Morris		**2**	**24**	**2**	**24**	**2**	**24**	**2**	**24**		
	Aedes albopictus	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24		
Ocean		**1**	**25**	**1**	**25**	**1**	**25**	**1**	**25**		
	Aedes albopictus	1	25	1	25	1	25	1	25		
Passaic		**1**	**2**	**1**	**2**	**1**	**2**	**1**	**2**		
	Aedes albopictus	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2		
Salem		**60**	**348**	**60**	**348**	**60**	**348**	**60**	**348**		
	Aedes albopictus	60	348	60	348	60	348	60	348		
Somerset		**3**	**7**	**3**	**7**	**3**	**7**	**3**	**7**		
	Aedes albopictus	3	7	3	7	3	7	3	7		
Warren		**5**	**76**	**5**	**76**	**5**	**76**	**5**	**76**		

	Aedes albopictus	5	76	5	76	5	76	5	76		
Grand Total		**441**	**4466**	**441**	**4466**	**441**	**4466**	**440**	**4460**		

Chikungunya (CHIK) to 15 September 2014.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for CHIK this year. Chikungunya is similar in symptoms to Dengue, a "breakbone" fever and has a low mortality rate. But this virus has had recent worldwide activity, and in the past year has come to the Western Hemisphere. As with Dengue, transmission can occur when a mosquito bites an infected human, then bites an uninfected human who subsequently becomes ill. CHIK is an alphavirus with *Aedes* mosquitoes as potential vectors. In New Jersey, *Aedes albopictus* is the mosquito of interest. There are currently 87 imported human cases in New Jersey, no local transmission.

No pools have been detected positive for CHIK in 2014.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		**21**	**232**		
	Aedes albopictus	21	232		
Bergen		**5**	**27**		
	Aedes albopictus	5	27		
Burlington		**20**	**128**		
	Aedes albopictus	20	128		
Camden		**11**	**33**		
	Aedes albopictus	11	33		
Cape May		**18**	**171**		
	Aedes albopictus	18	171		
Cumberland		**3**	**8**		
	Aedes albopictus	3	8		
Gloucester		**75**	**822**		
	Aedes albopictus	75	822		
Hudson		**14**	**220**		
	Aedes albopictus	14	220		
Mercer		**57**	**501**		
	Aedes albopictus	57	501		
Middlesex		**60**	**461**		
	Aedes albopictus	59	453		
	Culex spp.	1	8		
Monmouth		**85**	**1381**		
	Aedes albopictus	85	1381		
Morris		**2**	**24**		
	Aedes albopictus	2	24		

Ocean		**1**	**25**		
	Aedes albopictus	1	25		
Passaic		**1**	**2**		
	Aedes albopictus	1	2		
Salem		**60**	**348**		
	Aedes albopictus	60	348		
Somerset		**3**	**7**		
	Aedes albopictus	3	7		
Warren		**5**	**76**		
	Aedes albopictus	5	76		
Grand Total		**441**	**4466**		