

VECTOR SURVEILLANCE IN NEW JERSEY

EEE, WNV, SLE and LAC

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CDC WEEK 23: June 3 to June 9, 2012

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Culiseta melanura and Eastern Equine Encephalitis

SITE/Boxes	Inland / Coastal	Historic Population Mean	Current Weekly Mean	Total Tested to Date*	Total Pools Submitted /Tested	EEE Isolations	MFIR
Bass River (Burlington Co.)/10	Coastal	na	0.10	1	††		
Green Bank (Burlington Co.)/25	Coastal	1.00	0.04	1	††		
Corbin City (Atlantic Co.)/25	Coastal	1.14	0.88	22	1	0	
Dennisville (Cape May Co.)/50	Coastal	4.08	0.18	9	**		
Winslow (Camden Co.)/50	Inland	2.00	3.92	196	**		
Centerton (Salem Co.)/50	Inland	2.12	2.30	115	**		
Turkey Swamp (Monmouth Co.)/48	Inland	0.48	0.96	148	4	0	
Glassboro (Gloucester Co.)/50	Inland	0.55	0.96	48	**		

*Including trial run last week in May. † No data. †† Results in the next week.

Remarks: Bass River will replace the Green Bank site. This is a test site, with only 10 boxes rather than 25 or 50 boxes as at the other sites. Samples from these two sites have been sent in to PHEAL. Dennisville, Winslow, Centerton and Glassboro are currently being collected and will be tested at the Cape May within the month (**).

No *Cs. melanura* pools have detectable EEE virus to date. Total tested values will be reported when all sites are tested.

Forty-seven additional pools containing 1901 *Cs. melanura* have tested negative from other county trapping sites using other traps in addition to resting boxes. No detection of EEE has occurred.

Additional <i>Cs. melanura</i> trapped by counties *traps with positives indicated in BOLD.				
County	Trap types*	Number collected (pools)	Number of positives pools	MFIR
Burlington	CO2, Other	1436 (29)	0	
Cape May	RB	170 (3)		
Cumberland	CO2, Gravid, RB	118 (6)	0	
Gloucester	RB	171 (7)	0	
TOTAL		1901 (47)	0	

Horses and Humans: No cases to date.

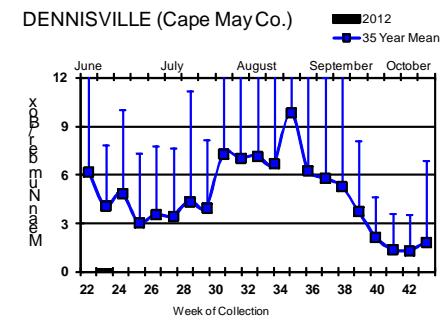
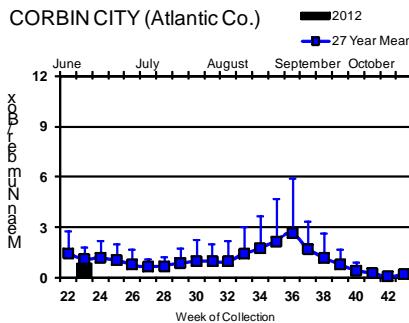
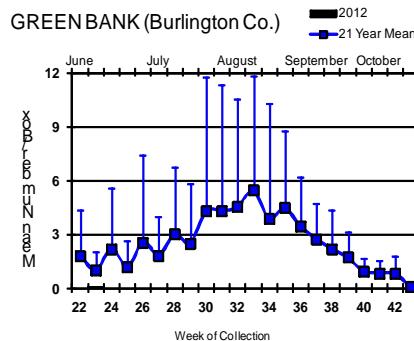
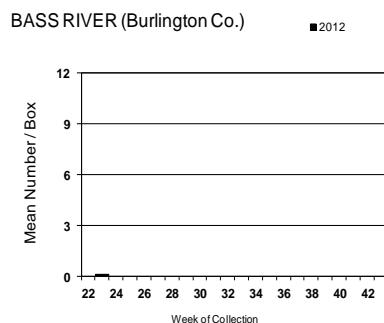
Horses and Vaccinations: The fate of unvaccinated equids reinforces the necessity of maintaining a vaccination schedule for arboviruses. For vaccination schedules recommended by the American Association of Equine Practices, see: http://www.aaep.org/vaccination_guidelines.htm

Species other than <i>Cs. melanura</i>	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	6	163		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	4	153		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	11	27		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	3	42		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	8		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	2	29		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	4	11		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	11	357		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	2	4		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	5	86		
<i>Culex sp.</i>	63	2489		
State Total	126	3673		

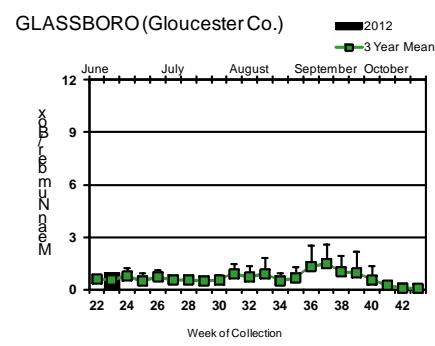
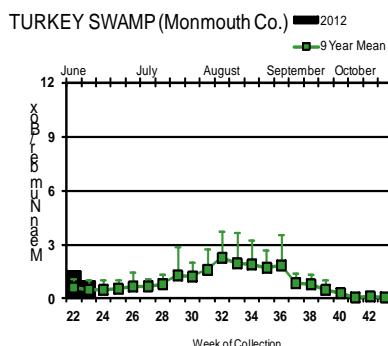
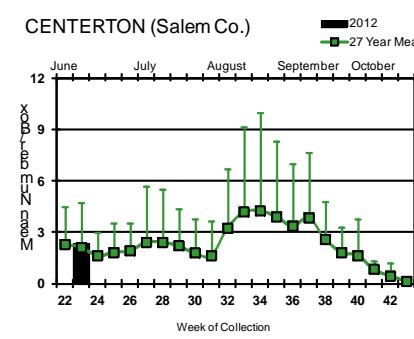
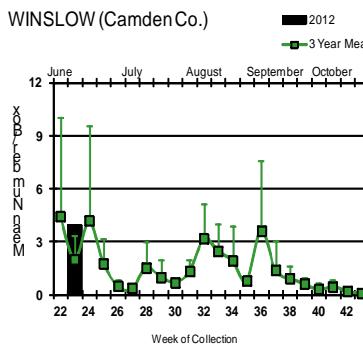
The table to the left indicates non-*Cs. melanura* mosquitoes tested for EEE. An additional 16 species of mosquitoes have been tested with no detection of EEE.

Culiseta melanura Population Graphs

Coastal



Inland



Population values are being reported now for several sites. Populations appear to be around historical values at Corbin City, Winslow, Centerton, Turkey Swamp and Glassboro while well below historical values at Green Bank and Dennisville.

↓ = Positive pool(s) detected.

EEE in US (2012 cumulative cases): (Black or Red = previous + new reported cases occurring)

- equine: 6(FL) 1(GA) 3(LA) 5(MS)
- mosquito pools:
- sentinel: 13(FL)
- human:

West Nile Virus

West Nile in US (2012 cumulative cases): Single black values indicate no change from previous week. Black values / red values equals previous week/**New totals**. Note: Data reported by all states should be considered provisional and subject to change. Sources for this table can be found [here](#).

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Alabama					
Alaska					
Arizona		2			2?
Arkansas					
California	33/47	30/91			
Colorado					
Connecticut					
Delaware					
DC					
Florida			40/48		
Georgia		1			
Hawaii					
Idaho					
Illinois	1/3	8/11			
Indiana		1			
Iowa					
Kansas					
Kentucky					
Louisiana		14	1		
Maine					
Maryland					
Mass.					
Michigan					
Minnesota					
Mississippi					
Missouri					

	Birds	Mosquito Pools	Sentinels	Horses	Humans
Montana					
Nebraska					
Nevada					
New Hampshire					
New Jersey	1	3/4			
New Mexico		1			
New York					
North Carolina					
North Dakota					
Ohio					
Oklahoma					
Oregon					
Pennsylvania	1	16/27		1	
Rhode Island					
South Carolina					
South Dakota					
Tennessee		19/26			
Texas		11/19		1	1
Utah					
Vermont					
Virginia					
Washington					
West Virginia					
Wisconsin					
Wyoming					

* Can include other species (e.g., dogs, cows) reported positive.

Protocol: New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services (NJDHSS Public Health and Environmental Laboratories, PHEL) and the Cape May County Division of Mosquito Control tests mosquito pools using RT-PCR Taqman techniques.

**Mosquito Species Submitted and Tested
for West Nile Virus Testing through 12 June 2012**

Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	17	68		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	18	334		
<i>Aedes cantator</i>	11	238		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	32	141		
<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	3	42		
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	3	12		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	3	5		
<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	2	4		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	15	93		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	3	15		
<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	2	29		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	8	30		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	7	24		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	13	362		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	3	24		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	123	5453	1	0.183
<i>Culex restuans</i>	22	319		
<i>Culex salinarius</i>	9	103		
<i>Culex</i> sp.	299	10948	2	0.183
<i>Culex territans</i>	1	1		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	55	2109	1	0.474
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	21		
State Total	652	20,377	4	0.196

Remarks: To date, there have been 20,377 mosquitoes tested in 652 pools from 22 species. Currently, 4 positive pools have been detected in *Culex pipiens*, Mixed Cx. species and *Culiseta melanura*, the latest pool of *Culex* spp. collected in Union County on the 1st of June.

Humans, Horses and Wild Birds: There is no reported horse or human cases to date. See <http://www.state.nj.us/health/cd/westnile/techinfo.shtml> for further information.

Bird testing began in mid-April. WNV has been detected in an American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos*) from Morris County, collected 9 April. To date, testing includes: American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos* 1/4), Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus* 0/3), unidentified Crow (*Corvus* spp. 0/3) and other avian species (0/11). Counties submitting birds are Atlantic, Cape May, Hunterdon, Morris, Ocean, Sussex and Warren. County participation in submitting dead birds varies across the state.

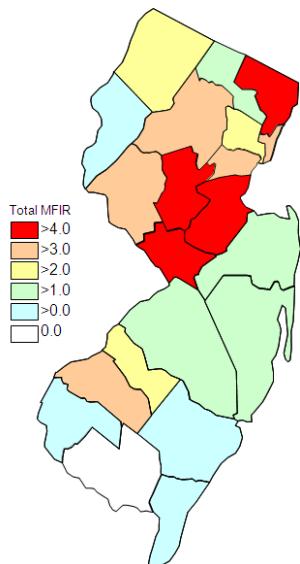
2012 Positive Mosquito pools to date / Total Mosquito Pools Submitted	This time last year
4 / 652 (0.006)	0 / 293 (0.0)
2012 Positive Birds to date / Total Birds Submitted	This time last year
1 / 21 (0.048)	0 / 9 (0.0)

WNV Results by County through 12 June 2012

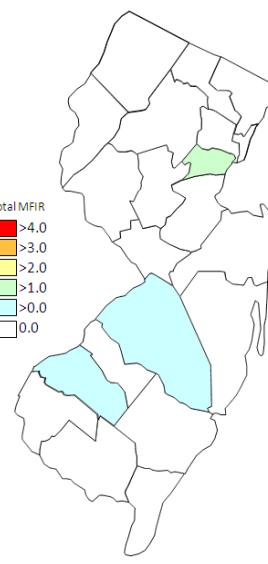
County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Atlantic		1	22		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	1	22		
Burlington		146	4900	1	0.204
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	5	139		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	1	10		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	11	27		
	<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	3	42		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
	<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	8		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
	<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	2	29		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	4		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	9	323		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	3		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	5	86		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	63	2489	1	0.402
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	29	1436		
Camden		14	501		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	11	497		
Cape May		59	2093		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	24		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	143		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	1	10		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	20		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	41	1616		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	8	93		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	1	17		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	3	170		
Cumberland		36	280		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	3		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	8		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	8		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	2	4		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	3		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	6		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	2		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	3	9		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	33		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	20		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	5	39		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	3	16		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	2	10		

	<i>Culex territans</i> <i>Culiseta melanura</i>	1 6	1 118		
Essex		28	454		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	10		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	49		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	16	393		
Gloucester		82	3815	2	0.524
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	3	46		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	34		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	7		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	66	3496	1	0.281
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	6	165	1	5.848
Hudson		15	1050		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	15	1050		
Hunterdon		30	1500		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	30	1500		
Monmouth		37	736		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	4	106		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	3	3		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	9		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	2	4		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	1	2		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	1	1		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	14	427		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	6	182		
Morris		40	1342		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	40	1342		
Ocean		19	281		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	6		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	3	48		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	2	74		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	2	25		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	6	122		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	2	6		
Passaic		9	295		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	1	17		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	7	276		
Salem		34	192		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	4	5		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	2	6		

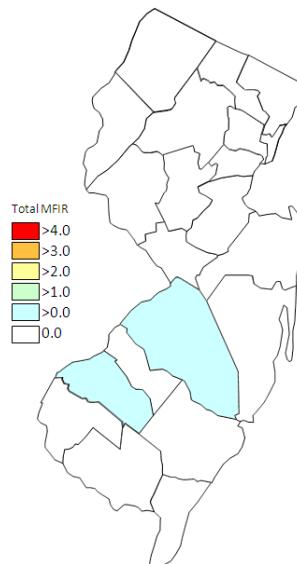
<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	1		
<i>Aedes vexans</i>	4	26		
<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	9		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	3		
<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	3		
<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	2	4		
<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	1		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	4	26		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	2	15		
<i>Culex spp.</i>	5	67		
<i>Culiseta minnesotae</i>	1	2		
<i>Psorophora ferox</i>	2	21		
Somerset	6	23		
<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	1	3		
<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	3	14		
<i>Culex spp.</i>	1	3		
Sussex	34	879		
<i>Culex pipiens</i>	2	12		
<i>Culex restuans</i>	4	117		
<i>Culex spp.</i>	27	746		
<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	1	4		
Union	18	855	1	1.170
<i>Culex spp.</i>	18	855	1	1.170
Warren	44	1139		
<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	1	5		
<i>Culex spp.</i>	43	1134		
Grand Total	652	20377	4	0.196



Cumulative WNV activity in 2011.



WNV activity to 12 June 2012.



WNV activity last week, 2012.

Saint Louis Encephalitis (SLE) through 12 June 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for SLE this year. SLE has had previous activity in New Jersey, most notably in 1964 and 1975 (CDC's SLE [website](#)), the latter prompting the surveillance reporting by Rutgers. SLE is a flavivirus and has a similar transmission pattern to West Nile, with *Culex* species as the predominant vectors.

No pools have tested positive for SLE to date in 2012.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Burlington		146	4900		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	5	139		
	<i>Aedes cantator</i>	1	10		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	11	27		
	<i>Aedes mitchellae</i>	3	42		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	8		
	<i>Aedes trivittatus</i>	1	2		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	1	8		
	<i>Anopheles bradleyi</i>	1	4		
	<i>Anopheles crucians</i>	2	29		
	<i>Anopheles punctipennis</i>	2	13		
	<i>Anopheles quadrimaculatus</i>	2	4		
	<i>Coquillettidia perturbans</i>	9	323		
	<i>Culex erraticus</i>	1	3		
	<i>Culex pipiens</i>	6	222		
	<i>Culex restuans</i>	3	55		
	<i>Culex salinarius</i>	5	86		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	63	2489		
	<i>Culiseta melanura</i>	29	1436		
Essex		28	454		
	<i>Aedes albopictus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes japonicus</i>	4	10		
	<i>Aedes sticticus</i>	1	1		
	<i>Aedes vexans</i>	6	49		
	<i>Culex</i> spp.	16	393		
Hudson		15	1070		
	<i>Aedes canadensis canadensis</i>	15	1070		
Grand Total		60	2378		

La Crosse Encephalitis (LAC) through 12 June 2012.

New Jersey will be selectively testing for La Crosse (LAC) virus this year. New Jersey has had 3 cases of this encephalitic disease since 1964 (see CDC's LAC [website](#)). The mortality is low but like other encephalitides, LAC can have both personal (lasting neurological sequelae) and economic impacts. LAC is a bunyavirus with a transmission cycle involving mosquitoes such as *Aedes triseriatus* and small mammals such as squirrels and chipmunks. LAC can not only infect *Aedes albopictus* but transovarial transmission was also demonstrated.

(Tesh and Gubler 1975 Laboratory studies of transovarial transmission of La Crosse and other arboviruses by *Aedes albopictus* and *Culex fatigans*. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene 24(5):876-880).

No pools tested positive to date for 2012.

County	Species	Pools	Mosquitoes	Positives	MFIR
Cumberland		1	3		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	3		
Salem		1	1		
	<i>Aedes triseriatus</i>	1	1		
Grand Total		2	4		